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Occupational Employment and Wages in Cincinnati-Middletown, Ohio-Ky.-Ind. MSA – May 2013

Workers in the Cincinnati-Middletown Metropolitan Statistical Area had an average (mean) hourly wage of \$21.88 in May 2013, about 2 percent below the nationwide average of \$22.33, according to the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Regional Commissioner Charlene Peiffer noted that, after testing for statistical significance, wages in the local area were significantly higher than their respective national averages in 3 of the 22 major occupational groups. Fifteen groups had significantly lower wages than their respective national averages, including legal; arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media; and computer and mathematical.

When compared to the nationwide distribution, local employment was more highly concentrated in 6 of the 22 occupational groups, including production; food preparation and serving related; and healthcare practitioners and technical. Conversely, 11 groups had employment shares significantly below their national representation, including construction and extraction; education, training, and library; and personal care and service. (See table A and box note at end of release.)

Table A. Occupational employment and wages by major occupational group, United States and the Cincinnati-Middletown Metropolitan Statistical Area, and measures of statistical significance, May 2013

Major occupational group	Percent of total	al employment	Mean hourly wage			
	United States	Cincinnati	United States	Cincinnati	Percent difference (1)	
Total, all occupations	100.0%	100.0%	\$22.33	\$21.88*	-2	
Management	4.9	5.4*	53.15	50.52*	-5	
Business and financial operations	5.0	5.5*	34.14	31.67*	-7	
Computer and mathematical	2.8	2.9	39.43	35.96*	-9	
Architecture and engineering	1.8	1.9	38.51	35.97*	-7	
Life, physical, and social science	0.9	0.7*	33.37	30.70*	-8	
Community and social services	1.4	1.2*	21.50	20.52*	-5	
Legal	0.8	0.6*	47.89	42.16*	-12	
Education, training, and library	6.3	5.7*	24.76	26.47	7	
Arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media	1.3	1.2*	26.72	22.01*	-18	
Healthcare practitioner and technical	5.8	6.5*	35.93	34.38*	-4	
Healthcare support	3.0	3.3*	13.61	13.11*	-4	
Protective service	2.5	2.0*	20.92	20.10	-4	
Food preparation and serving related	9.0	9.7*	10.38	9.89*	-5	
Building and grounds cleaning and maintenance	3.2	2.8*	12.51	11.98*	-4	
Personal care and service	3.0	2.4*	11.88	11.40*	-4	
Sales and related	10.6	10.1*	18.37	19.29*	5	
Office and administrative support	16.2	16.5	16.78	16.53*	-1	
Farming, fishing, and forestry	0.3	(2)*	11.70	13.66*	17	
Construction and extraction	3.8	3.1*	21.94	21.72	-1	

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

Table A. Occupational employment and wages by major occupational group, United States and the Cincinnati-Middletown Metropolitan Statistical Area, and measures of statistical significance, May 2013 - Continued

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	Percent of total	al employment	Mean hourly wage			
Major occupational group	United States	Cincinnati	United States	Cincinnati	Percent difference ⁽¹⁾	
Installation, maintenance, and repair	3.9	3.7	21.35	21.09	-1	
Production	6.6	7.5*	16.79	17.22*	3	
Transportation and material moving	6.8	7.2	16.28	15.64*	-4	

Footnotes:

One occupational group—production—was chosen to illustrate the diversity of data available for any of the 22 major occupational categories. Cincinnati-Middletown had 74,460 jobs in production, accounting for 7.5 percent of local area employment, significantly higher than the 6.6-percent share nationally. The average hourly wage for this occupational group locally was \$17.22, measurably above the national wage of \$16.79.

With employment of 6,500, team assemblers was the largest occupation within the production group, followed by machinists (5,190) and packaging and filling machine operators and tenders (5,140). Among the higher paying jobs were power distributors and dispatchers and gas plant operators, with mean hourly wages of \$38.03 and \$32.99, respectively. At the lower end of the wage scale were laundry and dry-cleaning workers (\$10.30) and pressers, textile, garment, and related materials (\$10.46). (Detailed occupational data for production are presented in table 1; for a complete listing of detailed occupations available go to www.bls.gov/oes/2013/may/oes_17140.htm.)

Location quotients allow us to explore the occupational make-up of a metropolitan area by comparing the composition of jobs in an area relative to the national average. (See table 1.) For example, a location quotient of 2.0 indicates that an occupation accounts for twice the share of employment in the area than it does nationally. In the Cincinnati-Middletown Metropolitan Statistical Area, above average concentrations of employment were found in some of the occupations within the production group. For instance, rolling machine setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic were employed at 3.4 times the national rate in Cincinnati, and multiple machine tool setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic, at 2.6 times the U.S. average. On the other hand, first-line supervisors of production and operating workers had a location quotient of 1.0 in Cincinnati, indicating that this particular occupation's local and national employment shares were similar.

These statistics are from the Occupational Employment Statistics (OES) survey, a federal-state cooperative program between BLS and State Workforce Agencies, in this case, the Ohio Department of Job & Family Services; the Kentucky Department of Workforce Invesment; and the Indiana Department of Workforce Development.

⁽¹⁾ A positive percent difference measures how much the mean wage in Cincinnati is above the national mean wage, while a negative difference reflects a lower wage.

⁽²⁾ Indicates a value of less than 0.05 percent

^{*} The percent share of employment or mean hourly wage for this area is significantly different from the national average of all areas at the 90-percent confidence level.

OES wage and employment data for the 22 major occupational groups in the Cincinnati-Middletown Metropolitan Statistical Area were compared to their respective national averages based on statistical significance testing. Only those occupations with wages or employment shares above or below the national wage or share after testing for significance at the 90-percent confidence level meet the criteria.

Note: A value that is statistically different from another does not necessarily mean that the difference has economic or practical significance. Statistical significance is concerned with the ability to make confident statements about a universe based on a sample. It is entirely possible that a large difference between two values is not significantly different statistically, while a small difference is, since both the size and heterogeneity of the sample affect the relative error of the data being tested.

Technical Note

The Occupational Employment Statistics (OES) survey is a semiannual mail survey measuring occupational employment and wage rates for wage and salary workers in nonfarm establishments in the United States. Guam, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands are also surveyed, but their data are not included in the national estimates. OES estimates are constructed from a sample of about 1.2 million establishments. Forms are mailed to approximately 200,000 sampled establishments in May and November each year for a 3-year period. May 2013 estimates are based on responses from six semiannual panels collected in May 2013, November 2012, May 2012, November 2011, May 2011, and November 2010. The overall national response rate for the six panels is 75.3 percent based on establishments and 71.6 percent based on employment. The sample in the Cincinnati-Middletown Metropolitan Statistical Area included 7,461 establishments with a response rate of 76 percent. For more information about OES concepts and methodology, go to www.bls.gov/news.release/ocwage.tn.htm.

The OES survey provides estimates of employment and hourly and annual wages for wage and salary workers in 22 major occupational groups and 821 detailed occupations for the nation, states, metropolitan statistical areas, metropolitan divisions, and nonmetropolitan areas. In addition, employment and wage estimates for 94 minor groups and 458 broad occupations are available in the national data. OES data by state and metropolitan/nonmetropolitan area are available from www.bls.gov/oes/current/oessrcst.htm and www.bls.gov/oes/current/oessrcst.htm, respectively.

The May 2013 OES estimates are based on the 2010 Standard Occupational Classification (SOC) system and the 2012 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS). Information about the 2010 SOC is available on the BLS website at www.bls.gov/soc and information about the 2012 NAICS is available at www.bls.gov/bls/naics.htm.

Area definitions

The substate area data published in this release reflect the standards and definitions established by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget.

The Cincinnati-Middletown, Ohio Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Brown, Butler, Clermont, Hamilton, and Warren Counties of Ohio; Boone, Bracken, Campbell, Gallatin, Grant, Kenton and Pendleton Counties of Kentucky; and Dearborn, Franklin, and Ohio Counties of Indiana.

Additional information

OES data are available on our regional web page at www.bls.gov/regions/midwest. Answers to frequently asked questions about the OES data are available at www.bls.gov/oes/oes_ques.htm. Detailed technical information about the OES survey is available in our Survey Methods and Reliability Statement on the BLS website at www.bls.gov/oes/2013/may/methods_statement.pdf. Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request – Voice phone: 202-691-5200; Federal Relay Service: 1-800-877-8339.

Table 1. Employment and wage data from the Occupational Employment Statistics survey, by occupation, Cincinnati-Middletown Metropolitan Statistical Area, May 2013

0	Emplo	yment	Mean wa	iges
Occupation (1)	Level (2)	Location quotient (3)	Hourly	Annual ⁽⁴⁾
roduction Occupations	74,460	1.1	\$17.22	\$35,81
First-Line Supervisors of Production and Operating Workers	4,360	1.0	27.80	57,81
Aircraft Structure, Surfaces, Rigging, and Systems Assemblers	50	0.2	21.04	43,76
Coil Winders, Tapers, and Finishers	170	1.6	22.04	45,84
Electrical and Electronic Equipment Assemblers	1,210	0.8	14.97	31,13
Electromechanical Equipment Assemblers	550	1.5	15.88	33,02
Engine and Other Machine Assemblers	360	1.2	23.98	49,87
Structural Metal Fabricators and Fitters	460	0.8	18.19	37,83
Team Assemblers	6,500	0.8	16.34	33,98
Assemblers and Fabricators, All Other	2,930	1.6	12.72	26,47
Bakers	1,190	1.0	13.55	28,17
Butchers and Meat Cutters	1,100	1.1	14.89	30,98
Meat, Poultry, and Fish Cutters and Trimmers	570	0.5	11.32	23,54
Slaughterers and Meat Packers	230	0.4	11.13	23,15
Food and Tobacco Roasting, Baking, and Drying Machine Operators and Tenders	70	0.5	16.09	33,47
Food Batchmakers	880	1.1	14.15	29,43
Food Cooking Machine Operators and Tenders	240	1.0	14.75	30,68
Food Processing Workers, All Other	270	0.8	12.36	25,70
Computer-Controlled Machine Tool Operators, Metal	1,650	1.6	17.41	36,2
Computer Numerically Controlled Machine Tool Programmers, Metal and Plastic	150	0.8	23.87	49,6
Extruding and Drawing Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic	490	0.9	17.34	36,0
Forging Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic	(5)	(5)	17.48	36,3
Rolling Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic	830	3.4	19.56	40,6
Cutting, Punching, and Press Machine Setters, Dperators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic	1,580	1.1	15.11	31,4
Orilling and Boring Machine Tool Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic	220	1.5	18.83	39,1
Grinding, Lapping, Polishing, and Buffing Machine Tool Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic	610	1.2	20.08	41,7
Lathe and Turning Machine Tool Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic	430	1.4	19.64	40,8
Milling and Planing Machine Setters, Operators, and Fenders, Metal and Plastic	200	1.1	18.76	39,0
Machinists	5,190	1.8	20.36	42,3
Metal-Refining Furnace Operators and Tenders	(5)	(5)	17.08	35,5
Pourers and Casters, Metal	(5)	(5)	16.62	34,5
Model Makers, Metal and Plastic	180	3.9	23.64	49,1
Patternmakers, Metal and Plastic	60	1.9	20.40	42,4
Foundry Mold and Coremakers	180	1.8	14.99	31,1
Molding, Coremaking, and Casting Machine Setters, Dperators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic	1,530	1.6	16.13	33,5
Multiple Machine Tool Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic	1,810	2.6	16.44	34,2
Tool and Die Makers	590	1.0	25.10	52,2
Welders, Cutters, Solderers, and Brazers	2,150	0.8	19.64	40,8
Nelding, Soldering, and Brazing Machine Setters, Dperators, and Tenders	730	1.9	14.71	30,6
Heat Treating Equipment Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic	140	0.9	22.89	47,62
Plating and Coating Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Metal and Plastic	350	1.3	13.76	28,61
Tool Grinders, Filers, and Sharpeners	90	1.0	17.22	35,8

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Employment and wage data from the Occupational Employment Statistics survey, by occupation, Cincinnati-Middletown Metropolitan Statistical Area, May 2013 - Continued

Occupation (1)	Emplo		Mean wages		
	Level (2)	Location quotient (3)	Hourly	Annual ⁽⁴⁾	
Metal Workers and Plastic Workers, All Other	(5)	(5)	18.09	37,630	
Prepress Technicians and Workers	490	1.7	18.85	39,210	
Printing Press Operators	2,370	1.9	18.49	38,460	
Print Binding and Finishing Workers	630	1.6	15.70	32,660	
Laundry and Dry-Cleaning Workers	1,240	0.8	10.30	21,430	
Pressers, Textile, Garment, and Related Materials	480	1.2	10.46	21,750	
Sewing Machine Operators	840	0.8	12.79	26,610	
Sewers, Hand	(5)	(5)	12.34	25,670	
Tailors, Dressmakers, and Custom Sewers	90	0.6	13.45	27,970	
Extruding and Forming Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Synthetic and Glass Fibers	130	0.9	16.68	34,690	
Upholsterers	70	0.3	16.78	34,900	
Textile, Apparel, and Furnishings Workers, All Other	50	0.4	14.83	30,840	
Cabinetmakers and Bench Carpenters	560	0.9	18.24	37,940	
Furniture Finishers	50	0.5	16.00	33,280	
Sawing Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Wood	160	0.5	12.34	25,660	
Woodworking Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders, Except Sawing	290	0.6	12.47	25,950	
Woodworkers, All Other	(5)	(5)	13.90	28,920	
Power Distributors and Dispatchers	(5)	(5)	38.03	79,110	
Power Plant Operators	400	1.3	30.68	63,800	
Stationary Engineers and Boiler Operators	280	1.0	25.30	52,610	
Water and Wastewater Treatment Plant and System Operators	500	0.6	20.18	41,970	
Chemical Plant and System Operators	260	0.9	21.84	45,420	
Gas Plant Operators	(5)	(5)	32.99	68,630	
Petroleum Pump System Operators, Refinery Operators, and Gaugers	130	0.4	25.20	52,420	
Plant and System Operators, All Other	100	1.2	28.24	58,740	
Chemical Equipment Operators and Tenders	510	1.1	22.93	47,690	
Separating, Filtering, Clarifying, Precipitating, and Still Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders	330	1.1	19.17	39,870	
Crushing, Grinding, and Polishing Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders	90	0.4	15.69	32,640	
Grinding and Polishing Workers, Hand	220	1.0	16.07	33,410	
Mixing and Blending Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders	1,380	1.6	18.13	37,720	
Cutters and Trimmers, Hand	100	1.0	13.25	27,550	
Cutting and Slicing Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders	410	0.9	16.42	34,150	
Extruding, Forming, Pressing, and Compacting Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders	370	0.7	18.02	37,480	
Furnace, Kiln, Oven, Drier, and Kettle Operators and Tenders	(5)	(5)	16.69	34,710	
Inspectors, Testers, Sorters, Samplers, and Weighers	4,390	1.2	18.49	38,460	
Jewelers and Precious Stone and Metal Workers	120	0.7	17.79	37,000	
Dental Laboratory Technicians	220	0.8	19.92	41,430	
Ophthalmic Laboratory Technicians	(5)	(5)	14.33	29,800	
Packaging and Filling Machine Operators and Tenders	5,140	1.8	14.72	30,610	
Coating, Painting, and Spraying Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders	890	1.4	15.89	33,060	
Painters, Transportation Equipment	210	0.6	18.34	38,150	
Painting, Coating, and Decorating Workers	40	0.3	11.78	24,510	
Photographic Process Workers and Processing Machine Operators	190	0.7	16.95	35,250	
Adhesive Bonding Machine Operators and Tenders	60	0.5	15.12	31,440	
Cleaning, Washing, and Metal Pickling Equipment Operators and Tenders	210	1.7	14.81	30,800	

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Employment and wage data from the Occupational Employment Statistics survey, by occupation, Cincinnati-Middletown Metropolitan Statistical Area, May 2013 - Continued

Occupation (1)	Emplo	yment	Mean wages		
	Level (2)	Location quotient (3)	Hourly	Annual ⁽⁴⁾	
Cooling and Freezing Equipment Operators and Tenders	(5)	(5)	16.29	33,880	
Etchers and Engravers	60	0.9	14.17	29,470	
Molders, Shapers, and Casters, Except Metal and Plastic	230	0.9	14.50	30,170	
Paper Goods Machine Setters, Operators, and Tenders .	1,720	2.4	15.27	31,760	
Tire Builders	60	0.4	14.77	30,730	
HelpersProduction Workers	4,180	1.3	11.79	24,530	
Production Workers, All Other	1,710	1.1	15.53	32,300	

Footnotes

- (1) For a complete listing of all detailed occupations in Cincinnati-Middletown, OH-KY-IN, see www.bls.gov/oes/current/oes_17140.htm.
- (2) Estimates for detailed occupations do not sum to the totals because the totals include occupations not shown separately. Estimates do not include self-employed workers.
- (3) The location quotient is the ratio of the area concentration of occupational employment to the national average concentration. A location quotient greater than one indicates the occupation has a higher share of employment than average, and a location quotient less than one indicates the occupation is less prevalent in the area than average.
- (4) Annual wages have been calculated by multiplying the hourly mean wage by a 'year-round, full-time' hours figure of 2,080 hours; for those occupations where there is not an hourly mean wage published, the annual wage has been directly calculated from the reported survey data.
- (5) Estimate not released.